

HDBank [HDB VN] 18 November 2020

Action

BUY

TP upside +17%

Close 17 Nov 2020

Price VND 25,700
1 2M Target VND 30,095
Previous Target VND 23,820
% change +26%

What's new?

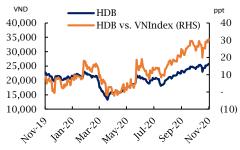
- The deal with PG Bank now appears to be off the table.
- Asset quality at HD Saison is holding up surprisingly well.
- ► We now forecast loan growth to reach 16% for 2020E-21E.
- ► We reckon the maximum EPS dilution from the CB is c.8.5%.

Our view

- ► Upgrade to BUY. The stock trades at 1.1x 2021E P/B with 2021E ROE of 18%.
- Management's statement that the PG Bank acquisition is likely off the table removes what we have seen as a key investment risk.
- Credit growth should continue to outperform peers given HDB's low LDR, SBV easing, and high capital demand at yearend.
- Bancassurance is another positive driver.

Company profile: HDB is a retail & SME bank that also operates HD Saison, a top-three consumer finance business. SME loans accounted for 49% of total consolidated loans as at 3Q20, with retail loans at 39%. Asset quality at the bank and the consumer finance subsidiary remain strong despite the impact of Covid-19.

Share price performance relative to VNIndex



Market cap	US\$1.4 bn
6M avg. daily turnover	US\$1.8 mn
Outstanding shares	1,256 mn
Free float	70%
FINI ownership	19.6%
Major shareholders	18.5%
2021E Asset/equity (x)	11.3x
2021E P/E (x)	6.9x
2021E P/B (x)	1.1x
FOL Room	1.9%

Financial outlook (VND bn)

Year to Dec	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E
NIM (%)	4.72%	4.81%	4.75%	4.80%
Fee growth (%)	43%	50%	45%	31%
Adj. CIR	46%	45%	43%	43%
PPOP growth	30%	23%	21%	14%
Net profit	3,605	4,166	5,088	5,945
ROAA	1.62%	1.59%	1.67%	1.77%
ROAE	19.4%	18.2%	18.3%	17.9%
PE	7.0	6.9	6.4	5.4
PB	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.0
Div. yield (%)	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%

*Net profit attributable to shareholders (PATMI minus employee welfare contribution).

Source: FiinPro, Yuanta Vietnam

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HDBANK (HDB VN)

A brighter outlook

The PG Bank acquisition is likely to be off the table. As outlined in our initiation, our core investment concern for HDB has been the risks related to the prospective PG Bank acquisition. But based on recent developments highlighted in the 3Q20 results meeting, we now believe the PG Bank acquisition is unlikely to occur. The removal of this overhang leaves us with a positive outlook on HDB.

We expect higher-than-sector loan growth in 4Q20 and 2021E given the bank's relatively low LDR. Eased rates and high seasonal capital demand should help to boost loan growth in 4Q20, and overall conditions for credit growth should recover substantially in 2021. Thus, we forecast loan growth to reach 16.3% in 2020E and 15.6% in 2021E.

Asset quality is holding up surprisingly well at HD Saison, where NPL ratio was 6.77% in 3Q20. In any event, HDB's loan exposure to its unsecured consumer subsidiary represents just 29% of shareholders' equity, well below VPB's exposure to FE Credit (130% of VPB's shareholders' equity).

Bullish on banca. We forecast net fee income to reach VND941 bn in 2020E (+50% YoY) and VND1.4 tn in 2021E (+45% YoY), largely driven by bancassurance, which could also provide a substantial up-front fee.

Yuanta vs consensus. Our earnings forecasts are in line with Bloomberg consensus, but we believe that our loan growth and fee income forecasts are higher than those of the Street.

Upgrade to BUY. After extracting the PG Bank consolidation from our model, we increase our forecasts for 2020E forecast by 4% and 2021E EPS by 10%. The combination of higher profitability and lower risk than in our previous model results in a 26% increase in our target price, which implies a reasonable 1.3x FY2021E P/B vs. forecast ROE of 18%.

ANALYST CERTIFICATION AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES ARE LOCATED IN APPENDIX A.

Yuanta does and seeks to do business with companies covered in its research reports. As a result, investors should be aware that the firm may have a conflict of interest that could affect the objectivity of this report. Investors should consider this report as only a single factor in making their investment decision.

HDB: A brighter outlook

Table 1: Valuations

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Valuation Ratios	2017A	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E
Adjusted PER (x)	12.3	8.3	6.9	6.8	6.2	5.3
PEG	0.1	0.2	0.3	4.9	0.7	0.3
Adj. ROA (%)	1.03%	1.40%	1.62%	1.59%	1.67%	1.77%
Adj. ROE (%)	14.1%	18.0%	19.4%	18.2%	18.3%	17.9%
PBR (x)	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.4	1.1	0.9
Dividend Yield (%)	0.7%	5.4%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%

Source: Company data, Yuanta Vietnam

Acquisition deal with PG Bank is now off the table

Based on recent statements by the various players involved in the prospective deal, we believe that the PG Bank acquisition is now off the table and not likely to occur in the future. In our view, the deal was moderately value destructive on the surface based on pricing alone. But more importantly, we were also concerned about the potential for increased NPLs from the acquired institution, and we expected cost efficiency to decline post-merger.

However, based on the statements of various players involved in that deal, we now believe that it is unlikely to happen. As such, we have eliminated these risks from our model and we are now more positive on HDBank.

This is a reversal of our previous assumption that the acquisition would take place, which drove us to consolidate PG Bank into our old model for HDB. However, as the deal is not likely to happen, we have been revised our model to include only HDB and to exclude PG Bank. Our new forecasts also factor in the impact of the pandemic to HDB's business.

Table 2 - Balance sheet (New vs. Old)

Balance sheet (VND bn)	Old (inc	luding PG	Bank)	New (Exc	cluding PG	Bank)	% diff.	(New vs.	Old)
	2020E	2021E	2022E	2020E	2021E	2022E	2020E	2021E	2022E
Gross Ioan	196,922	225,324	255,136	170,248	196,748	227,084	-14%	-13%	-11%
Total Assets	300,218	328,910	356,980	293,144	315,798	357,057	-2%	-4%	0%
Deposits	200,737	227,251	254,753	176,950	200,080	228,831	-12%	-12%	-10%
Total liabilities	278,884	304,399	328,509	267,823	285,378	320,976	-4%	-6%	-2%
Total equity	21,334	24,511	28,471	25,322	30,420	36,081	19%	24%	27%

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Table 3- Income Statement (New vs. Old)

Income Statement (VND bn)	Old (including PG Bank)		New (Excluding PG Bank)			% diff. (New vs. Old)			
,	2020E	2021E	2022E	2020E	2021E	2022E	2020E	2021E	2022E
Net interest income	12,007	14,721	16,846	11,674	13,514	15,165	-3%	-8%	-10%
Net fee income	1,003	1,267	1,561	941	1,366	1,790	-6%	8%	15%
Other non-interest income	1,211	1,284	1,348	485	490	555	-60%	-62%	-59%
Adj. TOI	14,221	17,271	19,755	13,100	15,371	17,509	-8%	-11%	-11%
Total expenses	(6,777)	(8,313)	(9,003)	(5,865)	(6,633)	(7,517)	-13%	-20%	-17%
PPOP	7,444	8,958	10,752	7,235	8,738	9,992	-3%	-2%	-7%
Net provisions	(1,343)	(1,478)	(1,591)	(1,427)	(1,644)	(1,704)	6%	11%	7%
Pre-tax Income	6,101	7,480	9,161	5,808	7,094	8,288	-5%	-5%	-10%
Tax	(1,220)	(1,496)	(1,832)	(1,162)	(1,419)	(1,658)	-5%	-5%	-10%
Profit after tax	4,881	5,984	7,329	4,646	5,675	6,630	-5%	-5%	-10%
Minorities interest	(548)	(672)	(823)	(480)	(587)	(685)	-12%	-13%	-17%
PATMI	4,333	5,312	6,506	4,166	5,088	5,945	-4%	-4%	-9%
EPS (VND)	3,576	3,684	4,512	3,725	4,052	4,734	4%	10%	5%

Source: Yuanta Vietnam

Loan growth to drive earnings in 4Q20 and next year

We expect HDB's loan growth to reach about 16% for the period 2020E-2021E supported by the following key items. 1) The current LDR (under Circular 36) of HDB was only 68% as of Sep 30, 2020 (source: HDBank), which is well below the regulatory cap of 85%. This means that HDB has substantial room to grow loans. 2) Financial system liquidity is strongly backed by SBV easing policy, which will allow banks more room to cut short-term loan rates and thus boost credit growth. 3) Capital demand is usually high at yearend. In 9M20, HDB's credit growth was 14%, well above the sector's credit growth of about 6.1%. Management said that the credit growth was 20% in 10M20, and the bank has asked for a credit guota of 27–28% for 2020E.

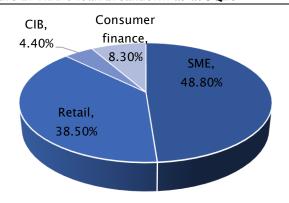
Figure 1: HDB's loan to customer growth from 2017 - 2022 30% 27% 25% 19% 20% 16% 16% 18% 15% 15% 10% 5% 0% 2018 2017 2019 2020 2021 2022

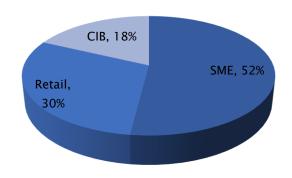
Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

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Figure 2: HDB's loan breakdown as at 3Q20







Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

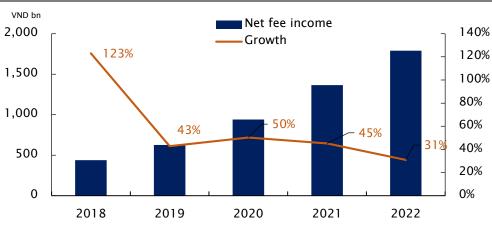
Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

Fee income boost from bancassurance sales

HDB currently partners with Dai-ichi Life on bancassurance, and the bank has set up a division to focus directly on selling insurance products. This should result in substantial growth in bancassurance. We forecast fee income to reach VND941 bn in 2020E (+50% YoY) and VND1.4tn (+45% YoY).

HDB tied up with Dai-ichi Life in July 2015 in a 10-year agreement, but management has indicated the potential to renegotiate this deal. A successful renegotiation of the bancassurance partnership, if it occurs, should be a key driver of fee income growth.

Figure 4: HDB's net fee income from 2018A - 2022E



Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

The existing partnership with Dai-ichi Life clouds the picture, but if HDB is able to sign a new bancassurance exclusivity deal, will receive about VND2-3 tn in upfront fee if it decides to sign an exclusive bancassurance deal.

Table 4: Estimated upfront fees from bancassurance exclusivity deals*

Banks	No. of clients at the time of signing the deal (mn)	No. of branches/ offices	Network (cities)	Year (signed the deal)	Term (years)	Partner	Estimated upfront fee (VND bn)
VCB	10	552	53	Nov-19	15	FWD	9,000
TCB	5	315	45	Sep-17	15	Manulife	1,500
VPB	5	216	51	Oct-17	15	AIA	1,800
ACB*	5	369	47	2021?	15	???	2,000
HDB*	10	303		2021?	15	???	2000

Source: Company data, tapchitaichinh.vn, Yuanta Vietnam

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^{*} Note: All data for VCB, TCB, and VPB are estimated numbers at the time of signing the contract. Yuanta Vietnam estimate for ACB, and HDB.

The bank has cleared 100% of its VAMC exposure

As of 3Q20, HDB has resolved 100% of its VAMC exposure, which will no longer affect the income statement. We expect HDB to recognize potential income from loan loss recoveries in 4Q20 and next year. The bank said it expects to receive about VND159 bn from loan loss recoveries in 4Q20.

HD Saison – Cautious optimism on the consumer finance subsidiary

Covid-19 has clearly had a substantial impact on unsecured consumer finance companies such as HD Saison because consumer finance borrowers mostly have relatively low incomes and are under heavy financial pressure.

As of 3Q20, HD Saison's NPL ratio increased to 6.77% (+1.4ppt YTD); however, management states that most borrowers are making payments and will continue to be able to do so. HD Saison targets maintaining its NPL ratio at below 7% this year.

HD Saison vs. FE Credit

Though the pandemic impact has been a hit to unsecured consumer finance, not all companies have been affected to the same degree.

HD Saison represents 8% of HDB's consolidated loans and 18% of HBD's consolidated PBT as at 3Q20. By comparison, FE Credit, which is Vietnam's largest consumer finance lender and a subsidiary of VPB, accounted for 23% of VPB's consolidated loans and 34% of VPB's consolidated PBT.

Figure 5: % Contribution to consolidated loans

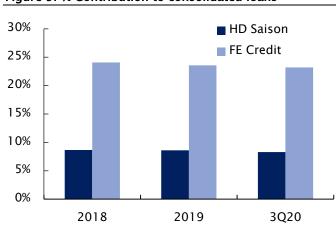
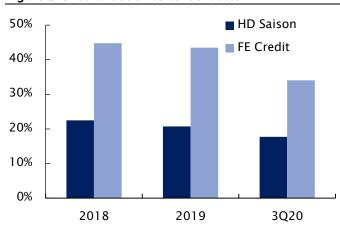


Figure 6: % contribution to consolidated PBT



Source: FiinPro, Yuanta Vietnam

Source: FiinPro, Yuanta Vietnam

For a more accurate idea of the respective consumer finance businesses impact on the parent, investors should also consider the relative percentage ownership of the subsidiaries by the respective bank groups. Because HDB only owns 50% of HD Saisson, the latter's total loans attributable to HDB are 29% of HDB's equity. By contrast, VPB owns 100% of FE Credit, the total loans of which represent 130% of VPB's equity.

Regulation on cash loan

HD Saison's cash loans represent 29.5% of total loans as at 3Q20, well below that of its competitors and the regulatory cap of 70%. The strict regulation on cash loans might cause consumer finance companies to shift focus to other segments, such as motorbike loans.

Currently, HD Saison is the market leader in motorbike lending, accounting for 34% market share. However, management sees the competitive threat as limited given that HD Saison (a JV between HD Bank with Credit Saison of Japan) has partnered with Honda and Yahama, which account for nearly 90% of motorbike market share in Vietnam. Thus, it may be difficult for other consumer lenders to penetrate this

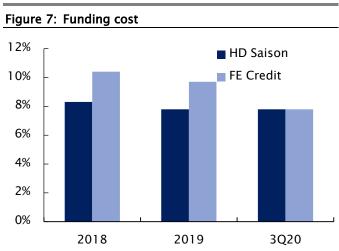
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segment, which may be the reason why many late entrants were aggressively targeting cash loans (a relatively easy product to sell) until the SBV stepped in to curtail this product in 2019.

Another difference between the two is the maximum loan amount, which is much smaller at HD Saison than that of FE Credit. According to the banks, the loan size at HD Saison is capped at VND20 mn (~USD1,000), while FE Credit loans can be up to VND100 mn (~USD5,000).

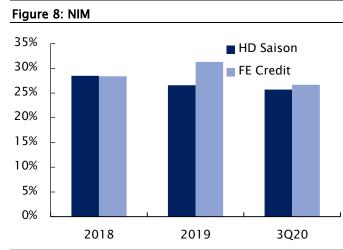
Overall, we believe that unsecured consumer finance companies will all be impacted by the pandemic, and HD Saison is no exception. However, we believe that HDB's consumer finance business is safer than VPB's is, even despite the current dismal economic outlook.

Key comparison ratios between HD Saison and FE Credit:

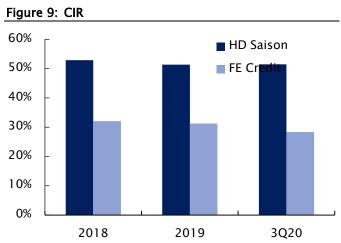


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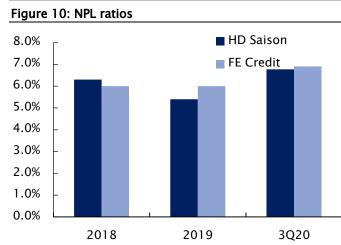
Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam



Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam



Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam



Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

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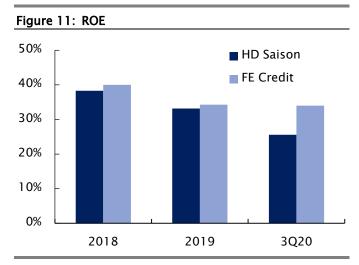
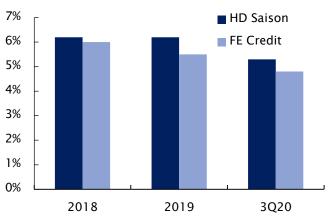


Figure 12: ROA



Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

HDB's capital and liquidity are strong

The bank's 3Q20 total CAR (Basel II) was 10.9% vs the minimum requirement of 8.0%, and its Tier 1 ratio was 9.6%. The bank expects CAR to increase to 12.0% after counting additional Tier 2 capital from bond issuance. Liquidity is solid, as demonstrated by its short-term capital for medium to long-term loans ratio of only 23.7%, well below the regulatory cap of 40.0%.

Asset quality remains under control

The bank's LLR ratio was 64% (-8ppt QoQ/-17ppt YoY) in 3Q20. Management stated that the low LLR ratio was due to increased Category 3 NPLs (+66% QoQ/+151% YoY) in 3Q20; they confirmed that about VND460 bn out of VND1,2 tn of Cat.3 NPLs to revert to performing status again, which should boost the 4Q20 LLR ratio. HDB has cleared all of its VAMC exposure as at 3Q20. Overall, its reported 3Q20 NPL ratio was 1.83% (+28bps QoQ/+33bps YoY). Despite management's assurances, we think that HDB should increase its LLR ratio by additional provisioning given the likely asset quality deterioration that we believe has resulted – but remains unreported, by regulatory rule – during the pandemic.

HDB's total restructured loans under Circular 01/2020/TT-NHNN are VND7.9 tn (\$340 mn), equivalent to 4.8% of the total loan book as at 3Q20). *Please our* <u>2Q20_CAMEL report</u> to see the impact on each bank's (including HDB) book value from the potential losses from restructured loans.

Valuation

Table 5 - Valuation

	Average Fair Value (VND/share)				
Valuation Methods	Estimated Price	Weight (%)	Price		
Residual Income	28,006	50.0%	14,003		
DDM Perpetuity	33,530	12.5%	4,191		
DDM Multiple	35,010	12.5%	4,376		
Regression	31,851	12.5%	3,981		
Public Comps	28,344	12.5%	3,543		
Estimated Fair Value			30,095		

Source: Yuanta Vietnam

Table 6- Residual Income Valuation

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Terminal Net Income Growth Rate:	4.0%
Projected Net Income 1 Year After Period:	12,518
Residual Income Terminal Value:	6,954
(+) Current Common Shareholders' Equity:	23,885
(+) PV of Residual Income Terminal Value:	1,435
(+) Sum of PV of Residual Income:	9,847
Implied Equity Value:	35,167
% of Implied Value from PV of TV:	4.1%
Implied Share Price:	28,006
Current Share Price:	25,200
Implied P/BV	1.2x
Premium / (Discount) to Current:	11%

Source: Yuanta Vietnam

	Initial Cost of Equity							
	########	13.0%	13.5%	14.0%	14.5%	15.0%	15.5%	16.0%
	14.0%	47,443	42,071	37,547	33,696	30,386	27,518	25,014
	13.5%	45,276	40,188	35,900	32,247	29,106	26,382	24,003
	13.0%	43,136	38,327	34,272	30,816	27,841	25,260	23,003
Terminal Return on	12.5%	41,022	36,490	32,665	29,402	26,592	24,151	22,016
Common Equity	12.0%	38,934	34,675	31,077	28,006	25,358	23,056	21,041
	11.5%	36,872	32,882	29,509	26,626	24,139	21,975	20,077
	11.0%	34,836	31,112	27,960	25,264	22,935	20,906	19,126
	10.5%	32,826	29,364	26,431	23,919	21,746	19,851	18,186
	10.0%	30,841	27,638	24,921	22,591	20,572	18,809	17,257

Source: Yuanta Vietnam

Yuanta vs. Consensus

Table 7 - Yuanta vs. Consensus

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Net income (VND bn)	2020E	2021E	2022E
Consensus mean	4,093	4,848	5,631
Yuanta forecast	4,166	5,088	5,945
%ge difference	1.8%	5.0%	5.6%
Consensus high	4,450	5,300	6,630
Consensus low	3,698	4,291	4,959
EPS (VND)			
Consensus mean	3,470	4,075	4,287
Yuanta forecast (adjusted) (*)	3,725	4,052	4,734
%ge difference	7.4%	-0.6%	10.4%
Consensus high	4,239	5,066	4,752
Consensus low	3,099	3,418	3,949

(*) EPS was calculated based on average shares outstanding.

Source: Bloomberg, Yuanta Vietnam

Investment Risk

Dilution risk might emerge from convertible bonds. HDB plans to issue a total of USD160 mn (VND3,728 bn) 5-year convertible bonds (par value: US\$100,000 or VND2.3 bn) to foreign investors. Some USD30 mn of these bonds have already been issued to Deutsche Investitions – Und Entwicklungsgesellschaft (DEG) (coupon rate: 4.5%) and HDB intends to issue another USD130 mn to a Singaporean investor.

The bond can be converted after 12 months and 1 day from the issuance day, and the bank estimated the conversion price at VND41,800 per share in its announcement. However, this price was set before the 30% stock dividend paid in Oct 2020, and we thus estimate the conversion price should be adjusted to about VND32,154 per share.

We do not factor related dilution into our model. However, if 1) the market price after 12 months 1 day from the date of the bond issuance is higher than the conversion price and 2) the bond holders convert all 1,600 convertible bonds into shares, then

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total outstanding shares would increase by 116 mn shares to reach 1,372 mn shares. This would obviously result in EPS dilution.

Case 1: If we assume that 300 convertible bonds are converted at end-2021E and no additional shares are issued in the meantime, then the EPS would be diluted by 1.7% as illustrated per below:

Table 8- Possible EPS dilution estimate with 30 mn convertible bonds

	Value	Unit
Total bond issuance amount	30	USD mn
Par value	100,000	USD
# convertible bonds	300	bonds
Conversion price (*)	32,154	VND/share
Conversion ratio	72,464	1 bond to shares
Dilution	22	Mn shares
Shares outstanding	1,256	Mn shares
Diluted Shares Outstanding	1,277	Mn shares
2021E PATMI	5,088	VND bn
2021E basic EPS	4,052	VND
2021E diluted EPS	3,983	VND
% decrease	-1.7%	

Case 2: Assume that HDB will issue another 1,300 convertible bonds successfully, and the total number of convertible bonds will be 1,600. The price for the additional 1,300 convertible bonds might be different; but for the sake of simplicity, we assume that the conversion price is the same. We also assume that the bonds are converted at end-2021E and no additional shares are issued in the meantime. The result in this case is EPS dilution of 8.5%, as illustrated below:

Table 9 - Possible EPS dilution estimate with 160 mn convertible bonds

	Value	Unit
Total bond issuance amount	160	USD mn
Par value	100,000	USD
# convertible bonds	1,600	bonds
Conversion price (*)	32,154	VND/share
Conversion ratio	72,464	1 bond to shares
Dilution	116	Mn shares
Shares outstanding	1,256	Mn shares
Diluted Shares Outstanding	1,372	Mn shares
2021E PATMI	5,088	VND bn
2021E basic EPS	4,052	VND
2021E diluted EPS	3,710	VND
% decrease	-8.5%	

Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

(*): Original price was VND41,800, but adjusted for 30% stock dividend paid in October 2020.

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APPENDIX

Balance Sheet

Balance Sneet				
(VND bn)	FY19A	FY20E	FY21E	FY22E
	6.500	0.254	0.222	10.674
Cash and Balances at SBV	6,508	8,254	9,333	10,674
Loans & Advances to Banks:	24,665	39,942	39,160	44,788
Investment Securities:	38,781	56,302	54,571	58,555
Others:	167	234	265	303
Gross Loans:	146,324	170,248	196,748	227,084
(–) Specific Provisions:	(1,076)	(1,506)	(1,932)	(1,978)
(-) General Provisions:	(549)	(639)	(738)	(852)
Total provisions:	(1,625)	(2,145)	(2,671)	(2,830)
Net Loans:	144,700	168,103	194,077	224,254
Fixed Tangible asset:	532	604	685	778
Intangible Assets:	371	427	427	427
Real estate investment	44	44	44	44
Accrued interests:	3,198	3,198	3,198	3,198
Deferred tax:	2	2	2	2
Other Assets:	8,605	9,035	9,035	9,035
Total Assets:	229,477	293,144	315,798	357,057
Deposits:	126,019	176,950	200,080	228,831
Liabilities to Gov. & SBV	209	243	281	325
Due to Banks:	49,794	54,530	53,180	61,380
Valuable papers:	25,013	31,266	31,266	31,266
Other Liabilities:	8,062	4,833	571	(825)
Total Liabilities:	209,096	267,823	285,378	320,976
Share Capital & Share	11 052	12 201	12 201	12 201
Premium:	11,852	13,301	13,301	13,301
Reserves:	1,248	1,748	1,748	1,748
Treasury Shares	(159)	(413)	(413)	(413)
Retained Earnings:	6,131	8,848	13,936	19,287
Minorities Interest:	1,309	1,837	1,847	2,158
Total Equity:	20,381	25,322	30,420	36,081
Total Liabilities & Equity:	229,477	293,144	315,798	357,057

Source: Company Data, Yuanta Vietnam

Profit and Loss

TTOTIC WING E055				
(VND bn)	FY19A	FY20E	FY21E	FY22E
Net Interest Income:	9,747	11,674	13,514	15,165
Net Fee Income:	626	941	1,366	1,790
Other Non-II:	577	485	490	555
Total Non-II:	1,203	1,426	1,857	2,344
Total Adj. TOI:	10,950	13,100	15,371	17,509
Total Expenses:	(5,080)	(5,865)	(6,633)	(7,517)
PPOP:	5,869	7,235	8,738	9,992
Gross Provisions:	(1,289)	(1,857)	(2,107)	(2,228)
NPL Recoveries:	438	430	463	524
Net Provisions:	(851)	(1,427)	(1,644)	(1,704)
Pre-Tax Income:	5,018	5,808	7,094	8,288
(-) Income Tax:	(998)	(1,162)	(1,419)	(1,658)
Net Income after tax:	4,020	4,646	5,675	6,630
(-) Minority Interest	(416)	(480)	(587)	(685)
(-) Bonus & Welfare:	_	-	-	-
PATMI:	3,605	4,166	5,088	5,945

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Key financial ratios

Selected Calculated Ratios	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23
GROWTH PROJECTIONS							
Net interest income	36%	20%	27%	20%	16%	12%	17%
Fee Income	66%	123%	43%	50%	45%	31%	28%
Other NII	52%	26%	-34%	-16%	1%	13%	14%
Operating costs	24%	9%	14%	15%	13%	13%	14%
Gross Provision	2%	-2%	30%	44%	13%	6%	9%
Pre–provision profit	60%	43%	30%	23%	21%	14%	21%
Adjusted Net profit	137%	63%	27%	16%	22%	17%	24%
Assets	26%	14%	6%	28%	8%	13%	14%
ASSET ANALYSIS							
Earning assets to total assets	94%	93%	92%	93%	94%	94%	94%
Average Returns on Earnings Assets	1.11%	1.50%	1.75%	1.72%	1.79%	1.88%	2.05%
LOAN ANALYSIS							
Net Loan growth (% YoY)	27.1%	17.8%	18.8%	16.3%	15.6%	15.4%	15.3%
DEPOSIT ANALYSIS							
Deposit growth (YoY %)	16.7%	6.2%	-1.6%	40.4%	13.1%	14.4%	14.2%
LIQUIDITY							
Pure LDR	86%	95%	115%	95%	97%	98%	99%
ASSET QUALITY							
NPL ratio	1.52%	1.53%	1.36%	1.57%	1.71%	1.59%	1.49%
Loan loss coverage ratio	73%	71%	81%	80%	79%	78%	77%
SPREAD ANALYSIS							
Int. rate received on Average IEA	9.56%	8.88%	9.50%	9.42%	9.38%	9.61%	9.80%
Int. rate paid on Average IBL	5.47%	4.90%	4.84%	4.70%	4.77%	5.01%	5.12%
Interest rate spread	4.09%	3.98%	4.66%	4.72%	4.61%	4.60%	4.69%
NIM	4.05%	4.04%	4.72%	4.81%	4.75%	4.80%	4.93%
OTHER INCOME							
Fee income to total income	2.7%	4.9%	5.7%	7.2%	8.9%	10.2%	11.0%
Other Non-II to total Income	9.6%	9.8%	5.3%	3.7%	3.2%	3.2%	3.1%
OPERATING EFFICIENCY							
Cost to income ratio	56%	50%	46%	45%	43%	43%	41%
CREDIT COSTS							
Provision/avg. assets	0.60%	0.49%	0.58%	0.71%	0.69%	0.66%	0.64%
PROFITABILITY							
Pre provision ROA	1.86%	2.23%	2.63%	2.77%	2.87%	2.97%	3.17%
Pre provision ROE	25.6%	28.6%	31.5%	31.7%	31.4%	30.0%	30.9%
Adj. ROAA	1.03%	1.40%	1.62%	1.59%	1.67%	1.77%	1.93%
Adj. ROAE	14.1%	18.0%	19.4%	18.2%	18.3%	17.9%	18.8%
Dividend Yield	0.7%	5.4%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%	4.7%
VALUATIONS							
PER (x)	12.3x	8.3x	6.9x	6.8x	6.2x	5.3x	4.3x
PBR (x)	1.6x	1.6x	1.3x	1.3x	1.1x	0.9x	0.8x

Source: FiinPro, Yuanta Vietnam

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Appendix A: Important Disclosures

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